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Java collection mcq questions and answers

In this section you will be able to learn and practice Java programming questions based on Objects and Collections and improve your skills to face the interview, competitive examination and various entrance tests (CAT, GATE, GRE, MAT, Banking Examination, Railway Examination, etc.) with full confidence. Where can I get java programming objects and collections questions and answers with explanation? IndiaBIX provides you with lots of fully resolved Java programming (Objects and Collections) questions and answers with explanation. Examples solved with detailed description of the answer, explanation is given and would be easy to understand. All students, the freshest can download Java Programming Objects and Collections quiz questions with answers such as PDF files and ebooks. Where can I get Java Programming Objects and Collections Interview Questions and Answers (Target Type, Multiple Choice)? Here you can find objective java programming questions and answers and collections for interview and access exam. Various options and questions of a certain or false type are also provided. How to troubleshoot Java objects and programming collections? You can easily solve all kinds of object-based Java programming questions and collections by practicing the target-type exercises below, as well as getting shortcut methods to solve object problems and Java programming collections.

Exercise - Objects and collections - General Questions 1. Let's say you want to create an instance of a new map that has an iteration order that is the same as the iteration order of an existing instance of a map. What specific implementation of the map interface should be used for the new instance? A. Tree map. HashMapC. LinkedHashMapD. The response depends on the implementation of the existing instance. Answer: Option C Explanation: The iteration order of a collection is the order in which an iterator moves through the items in the Collection. The iteration order of a LinkedHashMap is determined by the order in which items are inserted. When a new LinkedHashMap is created, a reference to an existing collection in the LinkedHashMap builder will invoke the Collection.addAll method. The addAll method uses an iterator in the existing collection to iterate through the existing collection items and add each one to the instance of the new LinkedHashMap. Since the LinkedHashMap iteration order is determined by the insertion order, the iteration order of the new LinkedHashMap must be the same as the iteration order of the old collection. View discussion of responses in the Workspace Forum See answer Discussion in the workspace forum report Page 2 Exercise :: Objects and collections - General Questions See Answer Discussion in Forum Workspace Report View Answer Discussion in Forum Workspace Report Page 3 Exercise :: and collections - General Questions See answer Discussion in the report of the forum 12 workspace. Which of the following are the words reserved for Java? Run Run default implantation A. 1 and 2B. 2 and 3C. 3 and 4D. 2 and 4 Answer: Option B Explanation: (2) - This is a Java keyword (3) - This is a Java keyword (1) - It is incorrect because although it is a Thread/ Runnable method it is not a keyword (1/4) - This is not a Java keyword whose keyword is implemented View Answer Discussion in Forum Workspace Report The founder and chief Java coach of Tech Mento, has developed a unique and authentic approach to explaining java abstract concepts using real-life examples and stories. Here you can find questions and answers from collections. Why are collection questions and answers required? In this section questions and answers from collections you can learn and practice questions and answers from collections to improve your skills in order to face the technical interview carried out by organizations. By practicing these interview questions, you can easily solve any exam interview. Where can I get questions and answers from collections? AllIndiaExams provides you with many collection questions and answers with the right explanation. Fully resolved examples with detailed description of the answer. All students, the freshest can download questions and answers from collections such as PDF files and ebooks. How to solve these collections questions and answers? You don't need to worry, we've given a lot of collection questions and answers and we've also provided a lot of FAQs to quickly answer questions in competitive exam interview. Collections Questions and Answers 1. Which of these packages contain all the collection classes? Collections Questions and Answers 2. Which of these classes is not part of the Java collection framework? Collections Questions and Answers 3. Which of these interfaces is not part of the Java collection framework? Collections Questions and Answers 4. Which of these methods removes all items from the invocation of the collection? Collections Questions and Answers 5. What is Collection in Java? Collections Questions and Answers 6. Which of these interfaces declares the basic method that all collections will have? Collections Questions and Answers 7. Which of these interface handle sequences? Collections Questions and Answers 8. Which of these interfaces is not part of the Java collection framework? Collections Questions and Answers 9. Which of these interfaces should contain a unique element? Collections Questions and Answers 10. Which of these is the basic interface that all other interface inherits? This section of our MCQ 1000+ Java focuses on the java programming language collection framework. 1. Which of these packages contain all the collection classes? a) java.lang b) java.util c) java.net d) java.awt See response Response b Explanation: No. 2. Which of these classes is not part of the Java collection framework? a) Maps b) Matrix c) Stack d) Queue View Response: One explanation: Maps is not a part of the collection frame. 3. Which interface is not part of the Java collection framework? a) List b) Set c) Map sorted d) Ordered view response: d The sorted list is not part of the collection frame. 4. Which of these methods removes all items from the invocation of the collection? a) clear() b) reset() c) delete() d) refresh() View Answer: a Explanation: clear() method removes all items from the invocation of the collection. 5. What is the collection in Java? a) A group of objects b) A group of classes c) A group of interfaces d) None of the aforementioned display responses: an explanation: A collection is a group of objects, is similar to the C++ Programming Template Library (STL). 6. What will be the output of the next Java program? java.util.*; class Array { public static void main(String args[]) { int array[] = new int [5]; for (int and = 5, and > 0; i--> array[5-i] = i, Arrays.fill(array, 1, 4, 8); by (int and = 0, and < 5; i++) System.out.println(array[i]); } } a) 12885 b) 12845 c) 58881 d) 54881 View Answer Answer: c Explanation: array contained 5,4,3,2,1 but when arrays.fill(array, 1, 4, 8) is named to fill the index location from 1 to 4 by value 8, so the matrix becomes 5,8,8,8,1. Output: \$javac Array.java \$java Array 58881 7. What will be the start of the next Java program? java.util.*; BitSet class { public static void main(String args[]) { BitSet obj = new BitSet(5); for (int and = 0; i < 5; i++) obj.set(i); obj.clear(2); System.out.println(obj); } } a) [0, 1, 3, 4] b) [0, 1, 2, 4] c) [0, 1, 2, 3, 4] d) [0, 0, 0, 3, 4] See answer: one explanation: None. Exit: \$ javac BitSet.java \$ java BitSet [0, 1, 3, 4] Sanfoundry Global Education & Learning Series - Java Programming Language. Participate in the sanfoundry certification competition to obtain a free certificate of merit. This questionnaire consists of the 150 questions of multiple choice of the collection in 6 sets - Java collection questionnaire - McQ Page contents > Note: Each set consists of 25 questions Each set consists of 5 easy level difficulty questions 1 mark each. 1 * 5 = 5 marks Each set consists of 10 level MEDIUM difficulty questions 2 mark each. 2 * 10 = 20 marks Each set consists of 10 difficulty questions of level DUR 3 mark each. Score below 15 brands means POOR : You are Java novice and need to work very hard. Scoring 15-34 marks means AVERAGE : You know java basics, but you need more practice. Review score 35-50 ratings means GOOD : You have a good knowledge of Java. Score over 50 marks means EXCEL. LENS : You have exceptional java knowledge. Java Collection - MCQ set 1 (25 questions, 55 brands) Java Collection - MCQ set 2 (25 questions, 55 brands) Java Collection - MCQ set 3 (25 questions, 55 brands) Java Collection - MCQ set 4 (25 questions, 55 brands) Java Collection - MCQ set 5 (25 questions, 55 brands) Java - MCQ set 6 (25 questions, 55 brands) Tags: Core Java Java Java Java Java Mcq (Multiple choice questions) Java QUIZ should read for you : Page 2 This questionnaire consists of Java 8 50 Multiple choice questions in 2 sets - Java 8 quiz - MCQ Note : Each set consists of 25 questions Set 1 consists of 5 easy level difficulty questions 1 mark each. 1 * 5 = 5 marks Set 1 consists of 10 mid-level difficulty questions 2 mark each. 2 * 10 = 20 marks Set 1 consists of 10 difficulty hard questions level HARD 3 mark each. 3 * 10 = 30 brands So, each set is total of 55 marks This questionnaire has been designed to check the beginners and experienced skills of Java developers. Score below 15 brands means POOR : You are Java novice and need to work very hard. Scoring 15-34 marks means AVERAGE : You know java basics, but you need more practice. Review score 35-50 ratings means GOOD : You have a good knowledge of Java. Score over 50 marks means EXCEL. LENS : You have exceptional java knowledge. Java 8 - MCQ Set 1 (25 questions, 55 marks) Java 8 - JOINT MCQ 2 (25 questions, 55 ratings) Should read for you ::